Exploration 9-9a: Rehearsal for Test

Date: _____

Objective: Calculate the probability of an event described.

True-False Test Problem (Problems 1–8): You answer six true-false questions. You are a good guesser and figure that your probability of getting any one question right is 70%.

- 1. What is your probability of getting the first four right and the last two wrong?
- 2. In how many different ways could you arrange the letters RRRRWW?
- 3. What is your probability of getting exactly four right and the other two wrong?
- 4. Let P(x) be your probability of getting right exactly x questions in the six true-false questions. Use UST operations on your grapher to calculate P(0) through P(6).

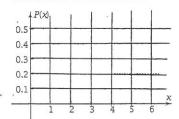
P(0) =

P(3) = _____

P(4) =_____

P(5) = _____

5. On the given axes, plot the graph of the probability distribution in Problem 4.



P(6) =_____

6. Expand the binomial power $(0.7 + 0.3)^6$, but simplify each term just enough to leave it as a coefficient times a power of 0.7 times a power of 0.3. For instance, the third term will be

15 • 0.74 • 0.32

7. Calculate each term in Problem 6, but do not add the terms.

8. The function in Problems 4 and 5 is a function of a random variable. It is an example of a probability distribution. This particular probability distribution is called a binomial distribution. Why do you think the name binomial distribution is used in this case?

(Over)

Group Members: . Exploration 9-9a: Rehearsal for Test continued Date: _ Dice Problem (Problems 13-15): You roll two dice, a red Sports Insurance Problem (Problems 9-12): Randy Miles one and a green one. The probability of a 3 on the red Insurance Agency offers a policy for student athletes. If die is 1/6, and the probability of a 5 on the green die is the athlete breaks an arm, the policy pays \$500. If he or she breaks a leg, the policy pays \$800. If the athlete also 1/6. breaks both an arm and a leg, the policy pays \$10,000. 13. What is the probability of getting a 3 on the red die and a 5 on the green die? 9. From past records, Randy's actuary figures out that an athlete has a 0.06 probability of breaking an arm and a 0.04 probability of breaking a leg in any one year. Find the probability of these events: P(arm and leg) 14. What is the probability of getting a 3 on the red die or a 5 on the green die? P(arm, not leg) P(leg, not arm) P(not arm and not leg) 15. Explain why you can't find the probability in Problem 14 just by adding 1/6 and 1/6. 10. What is the mathematically expected amount the agency would have to pay out for an insured athlete? 11. In order to make money, Randy wants to charge enough so that he expects a profit of \$15 per policy that he writes. How much should he charge per

- 17. What is the name for an event where there is noway of telling beforehand how the result will turn out?
- 18. What is the name for the set of all possible outcomes for a random experiment?
- 19. What did you learn as a result of doing this rehearsal that you did not know before?

12. Look up actuary in the dictionary. What did you

policy?

find out?